

Small-Scale Crisis in Cosmology Sterile Neutrinos to the Rescue?

Jörn Kersten



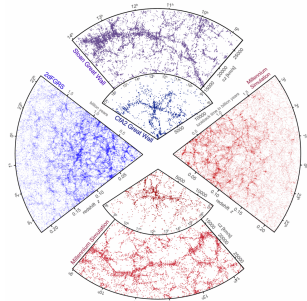
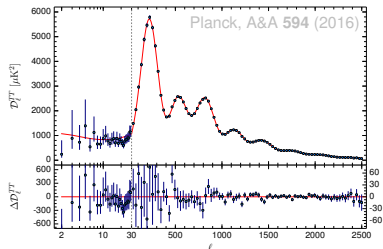
UNIVERSITY OF BERGEN

Outline

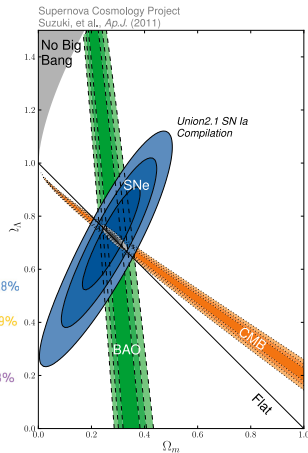
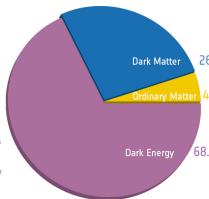
- 1 Tensions in Λ CDM Cosmology
- 2 Dark Matter Interacting with Sterile Neutrinos
- 3 Challenges

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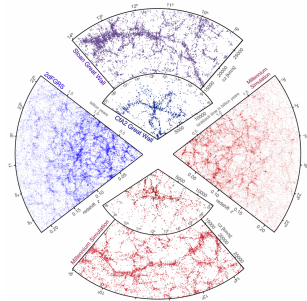
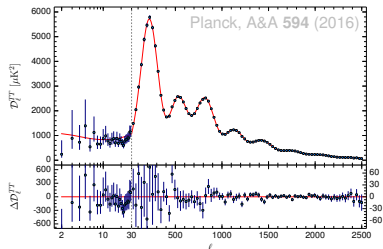
Λ CDM Cosmology Works Great



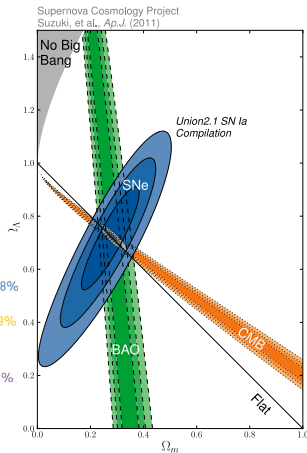
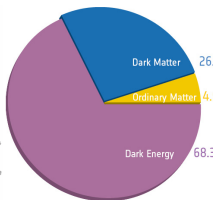
Springel, Frenk, White, Nature 440 (2006)



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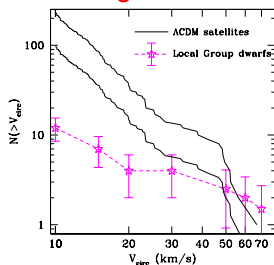
Springel, Frenk, White, Nature 440 (2006)



... on large scales

Small-Scale Problems of Structure Formation

Missing satellites



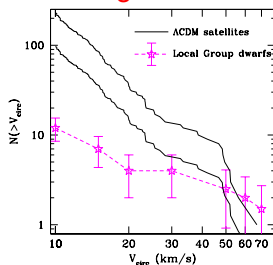
Kravtsov, Adv. Astron. (2010)

Klypin et al., ApJ **522** (1999)

More galactic
satellites predicted
than observed

Small-Scale Problems of Structure Formation

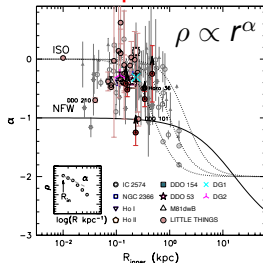
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Cusp-core

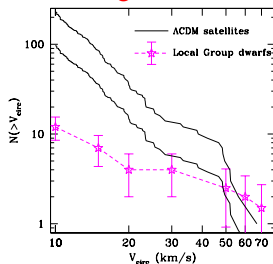


Oh et al., Astron. J. **149** (2015)
De Blok et al., ApJ **552** (2001)

More cuspy density
profiles predicted
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Small-Scale Problems of Structure Formation

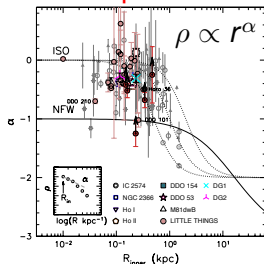
Missing satellites



Kravtsov, Adv. Astron. (2010)
Klypin et al., ApJ 522 (1999)

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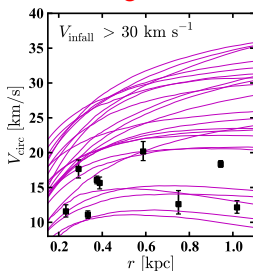
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Oh et al., Astron. J. 149 (2015)
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More cuspy density profiles predicted than observed

Too big to fail

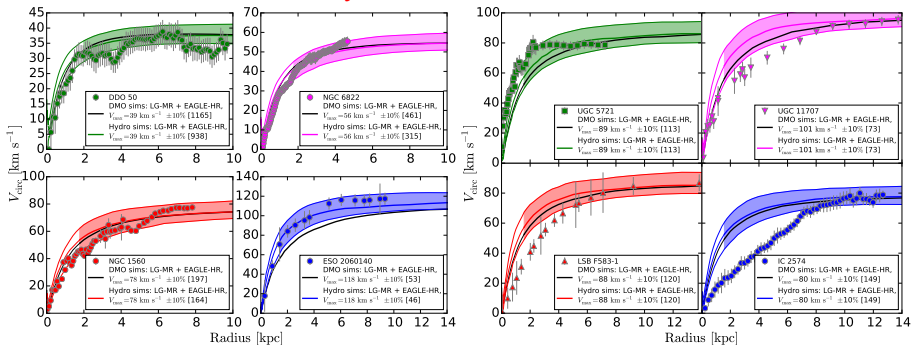


Boylan-Kolchin et al., MNRAS 422 (2011)

Most massive satellites predicted denser than observed

Small-Scale Problems of Structure Formation

Diversity of dwarf rotation curves



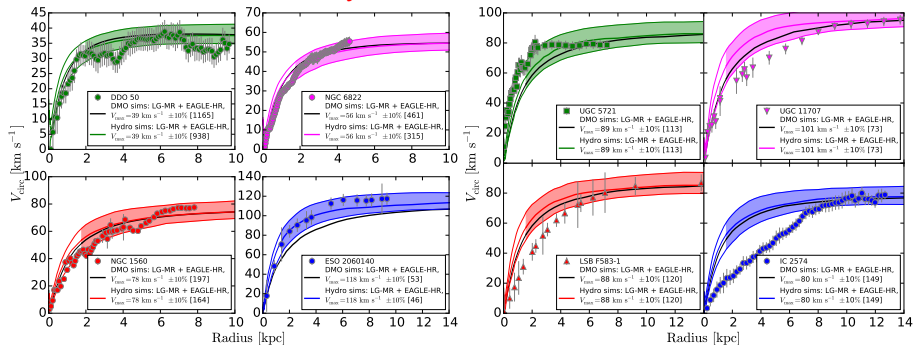
Oman et al., MNRAS 452 (2015)

Some observations agree with simulations **including baryons**

Others don't

Small-Scale Problems of Structure Formation

Diversity of dwarf rotation curves



Oman et al., MNRAS 452 (2015)

Some observations agree with simulations **including baryons**

Others don't

+ a few additional **anomalies** Bullock & Boylan-Kolchin, Ann. Rev. A&A 55 (2017)

Astrophysics Solutions or New Particle Physics?

But it's clearly all **baryons**, as shown in 1702.xxxxx!

But **baryons** clearly cannot do it, see 1702.yyyyy!



Summary by Kai Schmidt-Hoberg

CMB-Local Tension

- 3σ **tension**: CMB ($z > 1000$) vs. low-redshift ($z < 10$) observations
- **Expansion rate**
 - Planck: $H_0 = (67.4 \pm 0.5) \frac{\text{km}}{\text{s Mpc}}$ arXiv:1807.06209
 - Hubble: $H_0 = (73.45 \pm 1.66) \frac{\text{km}}{\text{s Mpc}}$ Riess et al., ApJ 855 (2018)
 - H0LiCOW: $H_0 = (72.5^{+2.1}_{-2.3}) \frac{\text{km}}{\text{s Mpc}}$ Birrer et al., arXiv:1809.01274
- Magnitude of **matter density fluctuations** (σ_8)
- Resolved by **dark radiation** (additional relativistic particles)?

Hamann, Hasenkamp, JCAP **10** (2013)

Gariazzo, Giunti, Laveder, JHEP **11** (2013)

Wyman, Rudd, Vanderveld, Hu, PRL **112** (2014)

Battye, Moss, PRL **112** (2014)

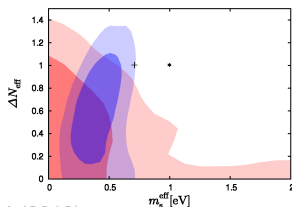
Feng, Zhang, Zhang, EPJC **77** (2017)

Nunes, Bonilla, MNRAS **473** (2018)

Pan, Kaplinghat, Knox, PRD **97** (2018)

Choudhury, Choubey, arXiv:1807.10294

Buen-Abad, Schmalz, Lesgourgues, Brinckmann, JCAP **01** (2018)



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Self-Interacting Dark Matter

- Dark matter χ interacts with dark sector
- E.g., $U(1)_\chi$ with light gauge boson V , $m_V \sim \text{MeV}$ (dark photon)

↪ Long-range, velocity-dependent interaction

↪ Cusp-core, too big to fail, and diversity solved

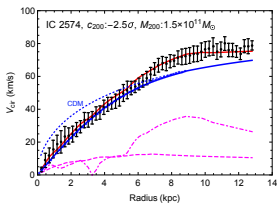
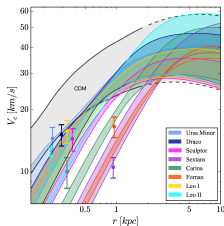
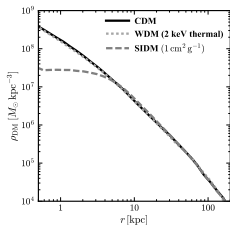
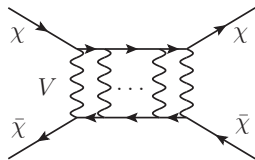
Feng, Kaplinghat, Yu, PRL **104** (2010)

Loeb, Weiner, PRL **106** (2011)

Vogelsberger, Zavala, Loeb, MNRAS **423** (2012)

Valli, Yu, Nature Astronomy (2018)

Kamada, Kaplinghat, Pace, Yu, PRL **119** (2017)



Bullock & Boylan-Kolchin,
Ann. Rev. A&A **55** (2017)

Valli, Yu, Nature Astronomy
(2018)

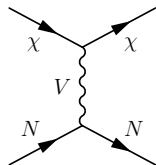
Kamada et al., PRL **119**
(2017)

Suppressing Dwarfs by Late Kinetic Decoupling

- Additional light particle N (dark radiation) charged under $U(1)_X$
- Efficient Dark matter – dark radiation scattering

↪ Late kinetic decoupling

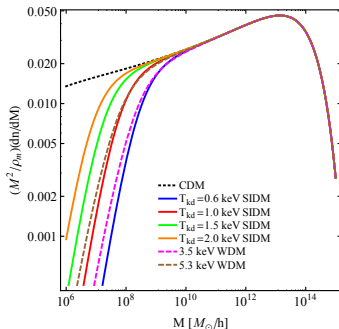
↪ Structure formation suppressed at small scales



Boehm, Fayet, Schaeffer, PLB 518 (2001)

Green, Hofmann, Schwarz, JCAP 08 (2005)

Loeb & Zaldarriaga, PRD 71 (2005)



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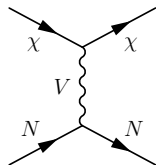
↪ Minimal galaxy mass Vogelsberger et al., MNRAS 460 (2016)

$$M_{\text{cut}} = 5 \cdot 10^{10} \left(\frac{100 \text{ eV}}{T_{\text{kd}}} \right)^3 h^{-1} M_{\odot}$$

↪ Missing satellite problem solved for $T_{\text{kd}} \lesssim 1 \text{ keV}$ ($M_{\text{cut}} \simeq 10^{10} M_{\odot}$)

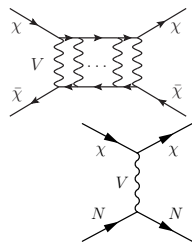
Boehm, Fayet, Schaeffer, PLB 518 (2001)

Van den Aarssen, Bringmann, Pfrommer, PRL 109 (2012)



One Model to Solve Them All

- Dark matter χ
- Dark radiation N , $m_N \lesssim \text{eV}$
- Dark photon V couples to both, $m_V \sim \text{MeV}$
- Some ingredients for anomaly cancellation etc.



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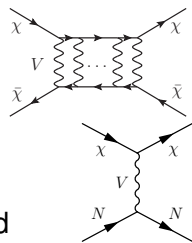
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⇒ All small-scale problems of structure formation solved

⇒ Oscillation anomalies and CMB-local tension solved if $N = \nu_{\text{sterile}}$?

Bringmann, Hasenkamp, JK, JCAP 07 (2014)

Dasgupta, Kopp, PRL 112 (2014)



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Bringmann, Hasenkamp, JK, JCAP 07 (2014)

Dasgupta, Kopp, PRL 112 (2014)

- Related models (different particle spins, more sterile neutrinos, ...)

Ko, Tang, PLB 739 (2014), PLB 768 (2017)

Archidiacono, Hannestad, Hansen, Tram, PRD 91 (2015)

Chu, Dasgupta, PRL 113 (2014)

Cherry, Friedland, Shoemaker, arXiv:1411.1071

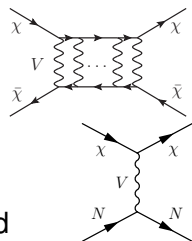
Kouvaris, Shoemaker, Tuominen, PRD 91 (2015)

Binder et al., JCAP 11 (2016)

Tang, PLB 757 (2016)

- Classification of minimal possibilities

Bringmann, Ihle, JK, Walia, PRD 94 (2016)



Dark Matter Production

- High temperatures: $U(1)_X$ sector thermalized via **Higgs portal**

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{Higgs}} \supset \kappa |H|^2 |\Theta|^2$$

- $\langle \Theta \rangle \sim \text{MeV}$ breaks $U(1)_X$

Dark Matter Production

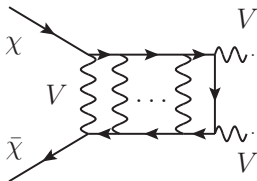
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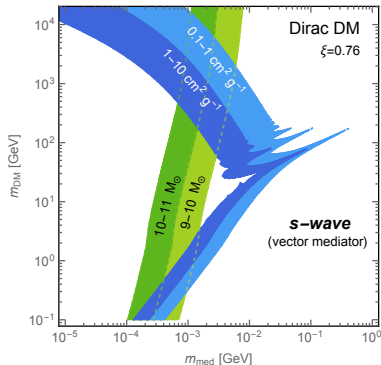
- $\langle \Theta \rangle \sim \text{MeV}$ breaks $U(1)_X$
- $T_\chi \sim m_\chi/25$: freeze-out (chemical decoupling) of dark matter

$$\Omega_{\text{CDM}} h^2 \sim 0.11 \left(\frac{0.67}{g_X} \right)^4 \left(\frac{m_\chi}{\text{TeV}} \right)^2$$

(neglecting **bound state** formation)



Cold Dark Matter Parameter Space



Bringmann (today)

- Calculated by DarkSUSY 6.1
Bringmann Edsjö, Gondolo, Ullio, Bergström, JCAP **07** (2018)
- **DM mass** \sim TeV or \lesssim GeV
- Light DM region favored by cluster observations?
Huo, Kaplinghat, Pan, Yu, PLB **783** (2018)

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Big Bang Nucleosynthesis

- $T \downarrow \rightsquigarrow$ Higgs portal no longer effective
 $\rightsquigarrow U(1)_X$ sector decouples at T_X^{dpl} (depending on κ)
- SM particles becoming non-relativistic afterwards heat SM bath, not $U(1)_X$ bath $\rightsquigarrow T_N < T_\nu$ (depending on **number of d.o.f. g_***)

$$\Delta N_{\text{eff}}|_{\text{BBN}} \simeq \left(\frac{46}{g_{*,\nu}(T_X^{\text{dpl}})} \right)^{\frac{4}{3}} \gtrsim 0.33$$

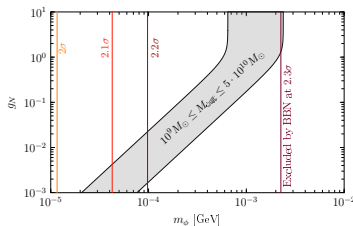
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\rightsquigarrow Correct order of magnitude for **CMB-local tension**

\rightsquigarrow **Tension** with BBN bounds

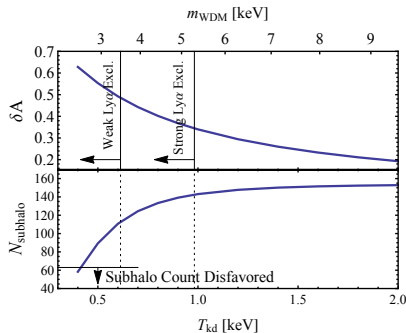


Hufnagel, Schmidt-Hoberg, Wild, JCAP 02 (2018)

Lyman- α Forest

- Constrains suppression of matter power spectrum by late KD
- Analogous to bounds on warm DM

⇒ Number of satellites reduced by only **30%**



Huo, Kaplinghat, Pan, Yu, PLB 783 (2018)

- Systematic effects? Recasting of warm DM bounds ok?

Sterile Neutrino Production by Oscillations

- Standard scenario: mixing between active and sterile neutrinos
 \rightsquigarrow oscillations $\rightsquigarrow \Delta N_{\text{eff}} \simeq 1 \rightsquigarrow$ ruled out by Planck and BBN
- $U(1)_X$ interactions \rightsquigarrow effective matter potential suppresses mixing
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Hannestad, Hansen, Tram, PRL 112 (2014); Dasgupta, Kopp, PRL 112 (2014)

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- $T < \text{MeV}$: mixing unsuppressed

\rightsquigarrow sterile neutrinos from oscillations + $U(1)_X$ -mediated scatterings

Bringmann, Hasenkamp, JK, JCAP 07 (2014)

Mirizzi, Mangano, Pisanti, Saviano, PRD 91 (2015)

Tang, PLB 750 (2015)

Chu, Dasgupta, Kopp, JCAP 10 (2015)

Cherry, Friedland, Shoemaker, arXiv:1605.06506

Forastieri et al., JCAP 07 (2017)

Chu, Dasgupta, Dentler, Kopp, Saviano, arXiv:1806.10629

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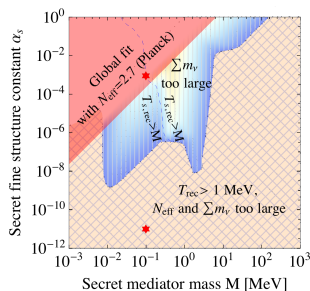
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$\rightsquigarrow \sum m_\nu$ bound violated or
too little **free-streaming**

\rightsquigarrow **Ruled out** for $m_N \sim \text{eV}$ and
 $\mathcal{O}(0.1)$ mixing



Chu et al., arXiv:1806.10629

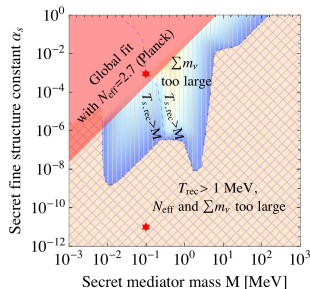
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 \rightsquigarrow More complicated dark sector?
 Chu et al., arXiv:1806.10629



Chu et al., arXiv:1806.10629

Conclusions

Particle physics solution for **tensions** in Λ CDM cosmology

- **Dark matter** with mass \sim TeV or \lesssim GeV
 - **Dark radiation** with mass \lesssim eV
 - **Dark photon** with mass \sim MeV \rightsquigarrow secret interactions
- \rightsquigarrow **Late kinetic decoupling** solves **missing satellites** problem
- \rightsquigarrow DM self-interactions solve **cusp-core, too big to fail, diversity**

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- \rightsquigarrow **Late kinetic decoupling** solves **missing satellites** problem
- \rightsquigarrow DM self-interactions solve **cusp-core, too big to fail, diversity**
- Dark radiation probably not able to address **oscillation anomalies**
 - Data from astrophysics and cosmology **probe DM properties**

Dark Radiation

- **Dark radiation**: relativistic particles $\neq \gamma, \nu^{\text{SM}}$
- Parameterized via radiation energy density

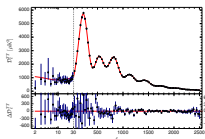
$$\rho_{\text{rad}} \equiv \left[1 + N_{\text{eff}} \frac{7}{8} \left(\frac{T_\nu}{T} \right)^4 \right] \rho_\gamma$$

- $T \equiv T_\gamma$
- N_{eff} : effective number of neutrino species
- Standard Model: $N_{\text{eff}} = 3.046$
- Existence of dark radiation $\Leftrightarrow \Delta N_{\text{eff}} \equiv N_{\text{eff}} - 3.046 > 0$
- Measurements of **Cosmic Microwave Background (CMB)**:

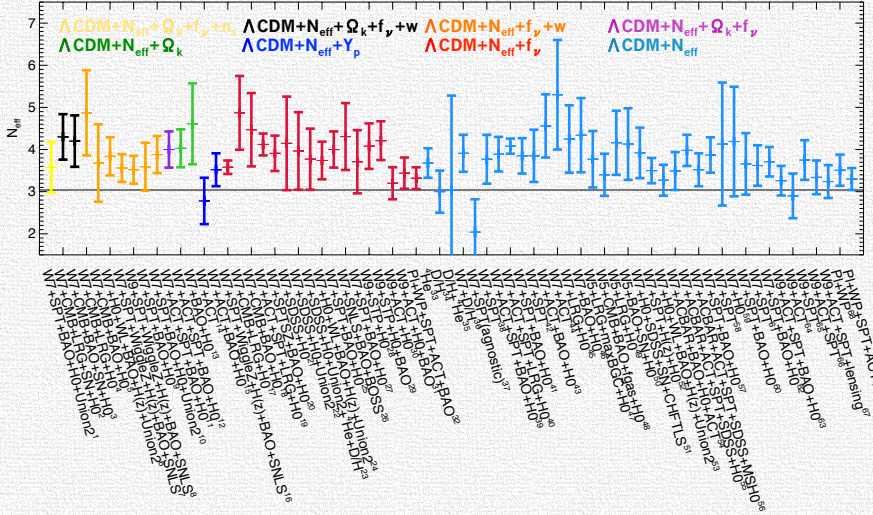
$$\Delta N_{\text{eff}} = 1.51 \pm 0.75 \text{ ACT, ApJ 739 (2011)}$$

$$\Delta N_{\text{eff}} = 0.81 \pm 0.42 \text{ SPT, ApJ 743 (2011)}$$

$$\Delta N_{\text{eff}} = 0.10 \pm 0.23 \text{ Planck, A\&A 594 (2016)}$$

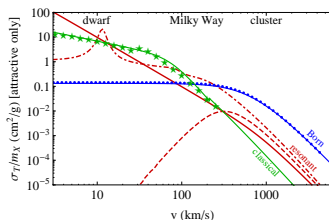


Measurements



Velocity-Dependent Self-Interactions

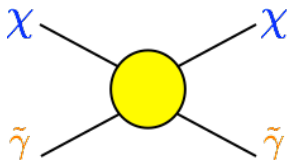
- Described by **Yukawa potential** $V(r) = \pm \frac{\alpha\chi}{r} e^{-m_V r}$
- Desired scattering **cross section** σ_T :
 - Large in dwarf galaxies
 - Small on larger scales to satisfy experimental limits
- Very different behavior depending on model parameters



Tulin, Yu, Zurek, PRL **110**, PRD **87** (2013)

Here: classical regime \rightsquigarrow analytical approximations exist

Particle Physics Models with Late Kinetic Decoupling

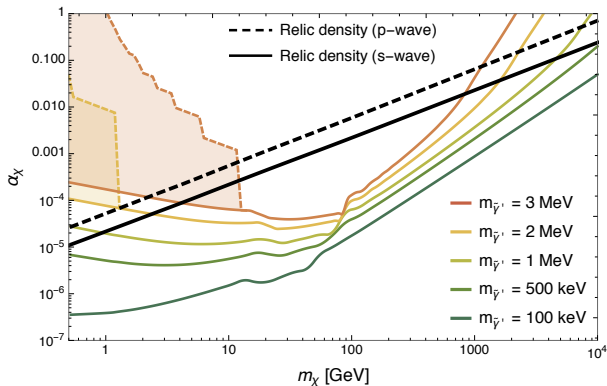


- Need scattering partner $\tilde{\gamma}$ with large abundance until $T_{\text{kd}} \lesssim 1$ keV
 \rightsquigarrow photon, (SM) neutrino, **dark radiation**
- Here: **classification** of all minimal possibilities
Bringmann, Ihle, JK, Walia, PRD **94** (2016)
- Scattering amplitude close to kinetic decoupling:

$$|\mathcal{M}|^2 \simeq c_n (E_{\tilde{\gamma}}/m_\chi)^n$$

- $M_{\text{cut}} \simeq 10^{10} M_\odot$ needs **large coefficients** c_n and/or **light dark matter**

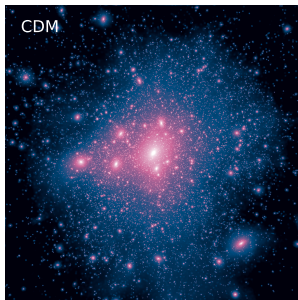
Desired Self-Interactions with t -Channel Mediator



\rightsquigarrow Both $m_\chi \sim \text{GeV}$ and $m_\chi \sim \text{TeV}$ work

Simulating Self-Interacting Dark Matter

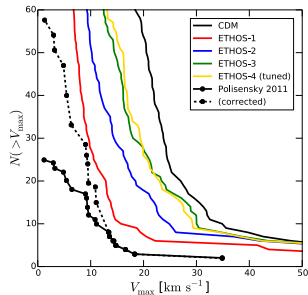
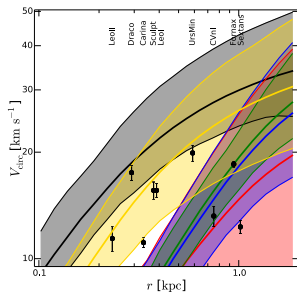
N -body simulation of **structure formation** with DM-DM and DM- N interactions



Vogelsberger et al., MNRAS 460 (2016)

Simulating Self-Interacting Dark Matter

N -body simulation of **structure formation** with DM-DM and DM- N interactions



Vogelsberger et al., MNRAS 460 (2016)

- Confirms solution (alleviation) of **too big to fail**, **missing satellites**
- **Cusp-core** and rotation curve **diversity** unclear

Timeline

