

## Corso di laurea in Ingegneria Elettrica

### Scritto di Fisica Sperimentale A

**19 Marzo 2002**

### Svolgimento

1) a)  $ma = F \cos 25^\circ$        $a = (F \cos 25^\circ)/m$        $a = 2.18 \text{ m/sec}^2$

b)  $F \sin 25^\circ = mg$        $F = mg/\sin 25^\circ$        $F = 116 \text{ N}$

c)  $F_x = 116 \cos 25^\circ$        $a_x = F_x/m$        $a_x = 21 \text{ m/sec}^2$

2) a)  $mgh_1 = mgh_2 + (1/2)mv^2$        $v = [2g(h_1 - h_2)]^{1/2}$        $v = 44.2 \text{ m/s}$

b)  $mgh_1 - mgh_2 = L_{\text{attr}}$       con  $L_{\text{attr}} = \mu_d L mg \cos 30^\circ$        $\mu_d = (h_1 - h_2)/(\cos 30^\circ L)$

$$\mu_d = 0.036$$

3) a)  $P_x^i = 0$        $P_x^f = P_{1x} + P_{2x} + P_{3x}$        $P_y^i = 0$        $P_y^f = P_{1y} + P_{2y} + P_{3y}$

$$P_{1x} = m 30$$

$$P_{2x} = 0$$

$$P_{3x} = 3m v_{3x}$$

$$P_{1y} = 0$$

$$P_{2y} = m 30$$

$$P_{3y} = 3m v_{3y}$$

$$30m + 3m v_{3x} = 0$$

$$v_{3x} = -10 \text{ m/s}$$

$$30m + 3m v_{3y} = 0$$

$$v_{3y} = -10 \text{ m/s}$$

$$V_3^f = (v_{3x} + v_{3y}) = 14.1 \text{ m/s}$$

b)  $\tan \theta = v_y/v_x = 1$        $\theta = 45^\circ$        $\theta_{31} = 135^\circ$        $\theta_{32} = 135^\circ$

4) a)  $\theta = (1/2) \alpha t^2$       da cui  $\alpha = 2\theta/t^2$

da cui  $\tau = FR = I \alpha$        $F = I \alpha / R = I 2\theta / R t^2$        $\theta = 1.57 \text{ rad}$ ,  $R = 2.4 \text{ m}$ ,  $t = 30 \text{ s}$

$$F = 126 \text{ N}$$

b)  $\omega = \alpha t$        $\omega = 2\theta/t = 0.9 \text{ rad/s}$

5)  $I_i = \frac{1}{2} M R^2$        $I_f = \frac{1}{2} M R^2 + m R^2$

$L_i = \omega_i I_i$        $L_f = \omega_f I_f$        $L_i = L_f$        $\omega_f = \omega_i I_i / I_f$        $\omega_f = 3.4 \text{ rad/s}$