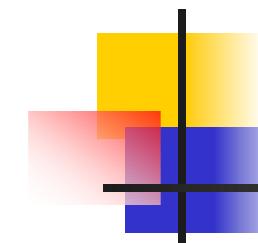


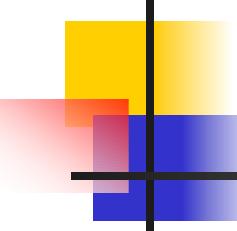
# Generare ed istogrammare variabili

- Generare casualmente una variabile a partire da una certa distribuzione.
- Salvare le variabili in opportune strutture.
- Trattare i dati salvati in queste strutture.
- Costruire degli histogrammi.



# Generare delle variabili

- Generiamo tre variabili a partire dalle seguenti distribuzioni:
  - Gaussiana.
  - Uniforme.
  - Polinomio di secondo grado.
- Classi usate:
  - TFile: gestione dei file root.
  - TNtuple e TTree: conservazione dei dati.



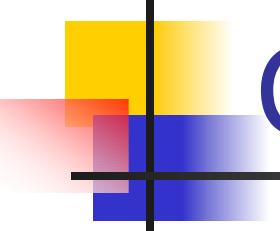
# Generare delle variabili

- Listato:

File: `genera.cc`

```
#include <TMath.h>
Double_t Gaus (Double_t* x, Double_t* par)
{
    return exp(-0.5*pow((x[0]-par[0])/par[1],2)) /
           (par[1]*sqrt(2*TMath::Pi())));
}

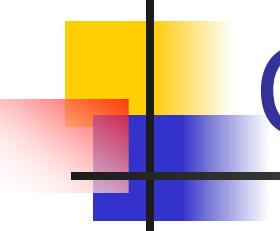
Double_t X2 (Double_t* x, Double_t* par)
{
    return TMath::Abs(x[0]*x[0]*par[0] +
                      x[0]*par[1]+par[2]);
}
```



# Generare delle variabili

```
void genera()
{
    gROOT->Reset();
    gRandom->SetSeed(0);

    const Int_t num = 1000;
    const Double_t minGaus = 1.19;
    const Double_t maxGaus = 1.25;
    const Double_t minX2 = -2.0;
    const Double_t maxX2 = 2.0;
    const Double_t parGaus[2] = {1.22, 0.03};
    const Double_t parX2[3] = {2.2, 0, 2};
```

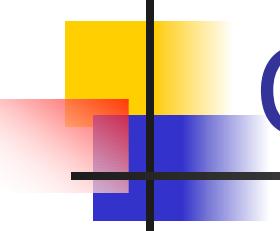


# Generare delle variabili

```
// Dichiaro le distribuzioni
TF1* pdfGaus = new
    TF1("pdfGaus", Gaus, minGaus, maxGaus, 2);
pdfGaus->SetParameters(parGaus);

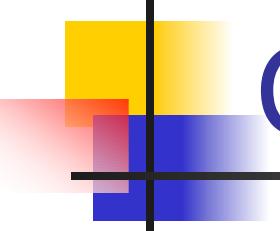
TF1* pdfX2 = new TF1("pdfX2", X2, minX2, maxX2, 3);
pdfX2->SetParameters(parX2);

// Dichiaro il file su cui salvare
TFile* f = (TFile*)gROOT->FindObject("genera.root");
if (f) f->Close();
f = new TFile ("genera.root", "RECREATE",
               "Variabili generate casualmente");
```



# Generare delle variabili

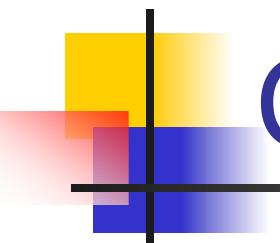
```
Int_t evt;  
  
// Mi servo di una ntupla per salvare le variabili  
  
TNtuple* nt = new TNtuple ("nt",  
                           "Variabili generate (ntupla)",  
                           "evt:rand:gaus1:gaus2:x2");  
  
for (evt = 0; evt<num; evt++)  
    nt->Fill(evt,gRandom->Rndm(),  
              gRandom->Gaus (parGaus[0],parGaus[1]),  
              pdfGaus->GetRandom(),pdfX2->GetRandom());
```



# Generare delle variabili

```
TCanvas* c1 = new TCanvas("c1",
                          "Variabili generate (ntupla)",
                          160,30,700,500);
c1->Divide(2,2);

c1->cd(1);
nt->Draw("rand");
c1->cd(2);
nt->Draw("gaus1");
c1->cd(3);
nt->Draw("gaus2");
c1->cd(4);
nt->Draw("x2");
```



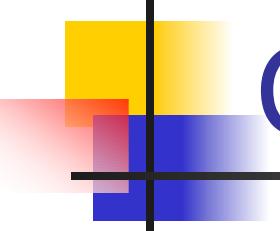
# Generare delle variabili

```
// Mi servo di un albero per conservare le variabili

struct var_t
{
    Int_t evt;
    Float_t gaus1, gaus2, x2, rand;
} var;

TTree* tree = new TTree("tree",
                       "Variabili generate (albero)");

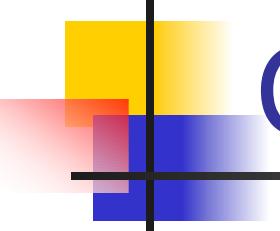
tree->Branch("evt", &var.evt, "evt/I");
tree->Branch("gaus1", &var.gaus1, "gaus1/F");
tree->Branch("gaus2", &var.gaus2, "gaus2/F");
tree->Branch("x2", &var.x2, "x2/F");
tree->Branch("rand", &var.rand, "rand/F");
```



# Generare delle variabili

```
for (var.evt = 0; var.evt<num; var.evt++)
{
    var.gaus1 = gRandom->Gaus (parGaus[0],parGaus[1]);
    var.gaus2 = pdfGaus->GetRandom();
    var.x2 = pdfX2->GetRandom();
    var.rand = gRandom->Rndm();
    tree->Fill();
}

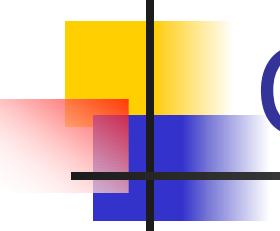
tree->Print();
```



# Generare delle variabili

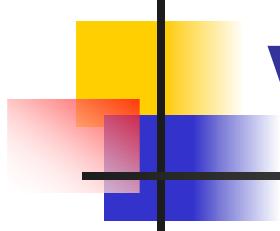
```
TCanvas* c2 = new TCanvas("c2",
    "Variabili generate (albero)",
    180,50,700,500);
c2->Divide(2,2);

c2->cd(1);
tree->Draw("rand");
c2->cd(2);
tree->Draw("gaus1");
c2->cd(3);
tree->Draw("gaus2");
c2->cd(4);
tree->Draw("x2");
```



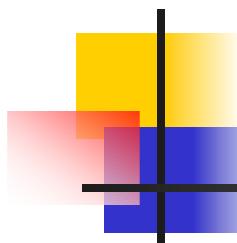
# Generare delle variabili

```
// Salvo le variabili nel file  
f->Write();  
  
// Chiudo il file  
f->Close();  
  
}
```



# Visualizzare i dati salvati

- Visualizziamo le variabili generate precedentemente impiegando varie opzioni.
- Classi usate:
  - TCut: gestione dei tagli sulle variabili.



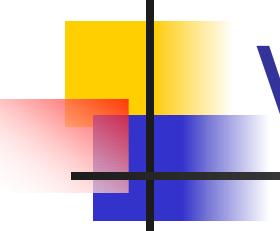
# Visualizzare i dati salvati

- Listato:

File: **albero.cc**

```
void albero()
{
    gROOT->Reset();
    TFile* f = (TFile*)gROOT->FindObject("genera.root");
    if (f) f->Close();
    f = new TFile ("genera.root");

    // Iistogrammo le variabili dell'albero (o ntupla)
    TCanvas* c1 = new TCanvas("c1",
                            "Iistogrammi 1D",160,30,700,500);
    c1->Divide(2,2);
```

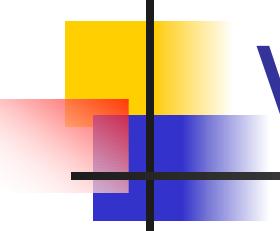


# Visualizzare i dati salvati

```
c1->cd(1);
tree->Draw("sqrt(gaus1**3+1)");

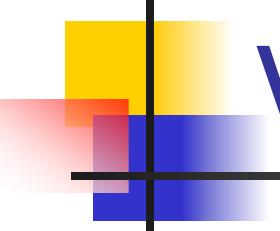
c1->cd(2);
tree->Draw("gaus1+gaus2", "rand<0.5 && evt<=200");

c1->cd(3);
TCut cut1 = "evt>200";
TCut cut2 = "evt<300";
TCut cut = cut1 && cut2;
tree->Draw("gaus1+gaus2", cut && "rand<0.5");
```



# Visualizzare i dati salvati

```
c1->cd(4);
TH1F* h1 = new TH1F ("h1","Istogramma 1D",100,-2,2);
h1->SetFillColor(4);
h1->SetXTitle("Variabile indipendente");
h1->SetYTitle("Variabile dipendente");
tree->Draw("x2>>h1");
h1->SetTitleOffset(1.2,"X");
```

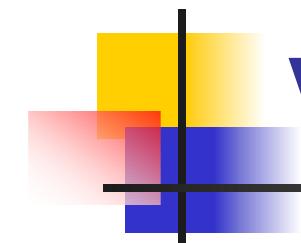


# Visualizzare i dati salvati

```
TCanvas* c2 = new TCanvas("c2",
                           "Istogrammi 2D e 3D", 180, 50, 700, 500);
c2->Divide(2, 2);

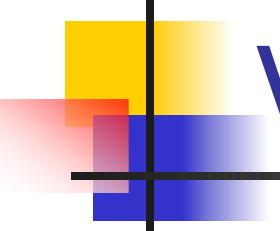
c2->cd(1);
tree->Draw("gaus1:gaus2");

c2->cd(2);
TH2F* h2 = new TH2F ("h2", "Istogramma 2D",
                     100, 1.17, 1.27, 100, 1.1, 1.4);
tree->Draw("gaus1:gaus2>>h2", "rand<0.5");
```



# Visualizzare i dati salvati

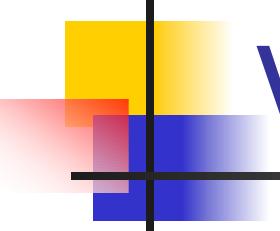
```
c2->cd(3);
tree->Draw("gaus1:gaus2","","lego");
/*
    TH2F* h2a = new TH2F ("h2a","Istogramma 2D",
                          20,1.17,1.27,20,1.1,1.4);
    tree->Draw("gaus1:gaus2>>h2a","","lego");
*/
c2->cd(4);
tree->Draw("gaus1:gaus2:x2");
```



# Visualizzare i dati salvati

```
TCanvas* c3 = new TCanvas("c3", "Altre opzioni",
                           200, 70, 700, 500);
c3->Divide(1,2);
c3_1->Divide(2,1);

// sovrapposizione di due istogrammi
c3_1->cd(1);
TH1F* hs = new TH1F ("hs", "Sovrapposizione",
                     100, 1.1, 1.35);
tree->Draw("gaus2>>hs");
hs->SetLineColor(2);
tree->Draw("gaus1","","same");
```



# Visualizzare i dati salvati

```
// somma di due istogrammi
c3_1->cd(2);
TH1F* ha = new TH1F(*hs);
ha->SetName("ha");
ha->SetTitle("Somma");
tree->Draw("gaus2>>ha");
tree->Draw("gaus1>>+ha");

// selezione dei valori da istogrammare
c3_2->cd();
tree->Draw("gaus2","","","",100,500);

}
```